$\textbf{1} \quad \text{The functions } f \text{ and } g \text{ are such that}$

$$f(x) = 5x + 3$$
 $g(x) = ax + b$ where a and b are constants.

$$g(3) = 20$$
 and $f^{-1}(33) = g(1)$

Find the value of a and the value of b.

<i>a</i> =
<i>b</i> =

(Total for Question is 5 marks)

2 f and g are functions such that

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{x^2}$$
 and $g(x) = 4x^3$

(a) Find f(-5)

(1)

(b) Find fg(1)

(2)

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

3 For all values of x

$$f(x) = (x + 1)^2$$
 and $g(x) = 2(x - 1)$

(a) Show that gf(x) = 2x(x + 2)

(2)

(b) Find g⁻¹(7)

(2)

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

4 The functions f and g are such that

$$f(x) = 3x - 1$$
 and $g(x) = x^2 + 4$

(a) Find $f^{-1}(x)$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \dots$$
 (2)

Given that fg(x) = 2gf(x),

(b) show that $15x^2 - 12x - 1 = 0$

(Total for Question is 7 marks)

5 The function f is given by

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 4$$

(a) Show that $f^{-1}(50) = 3$

(2)

The functions g and h are given by

$$g(x) = x + 2$$
 and $h(x) = x^2$

(b) Find the values of x for which

$$hg(x) = 3x^2 + x - 1$$

(4)

(Total for Question is 6 marks)

6 f and g are functions such that

$$f(x) = \frac{12}{\sqrt{x}}$$
 and $g(x) = 3(2x + 1)$

(a) Find g(5)

(1)

(b) Find gf(9)

(2)

(c) Find g⁻¹(6)

.

(2)

(Total for Question is 5 marks)

7 The functions f and g are such that

$$f(x) = 3x^2 + 1$$
 for $x > 0$ and $g(x) = \frac{4}{x^2}$ for $x > 0$

(a) Work out gf(1)

(2)

The function h is such that $h = (fg)^{-1}$

(b) Find h(x)

(4)

(Total for Question is 6 marks)